

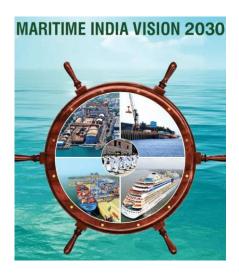


28<sup>th</sup> October 2025 | NESCO, Mumbai



## MIV 2030 & MAKV 2047 Objectives





## **Maritime India Vision (MIV) 2030**

The Maritime India Vision 2030 (MIV 2030) provides a roadmap for transforming India into a world-class maritime nation. Embedded within this vision is the goal of strengthening occupational health and safety frameworks — from modernizing port operations with digital tools to enhancing **seafarer welfare** and environmental safeguards.



### **Maritime Amrit Kaal Vision 2047**

Maritime Amrit Kaal Vision (MAKV 2047) sets the stage for India to become a global maritime leader. This vision emphasizes sustainable practices, cutting-edge technologies, and a holistic approach to safety — one that includes not **only physical security but also mental wellbeing and social protection for every worker connected to the maritime economy.** 



# Safety and Security in the Maritime Industry



Charting India's maritime destiny through safe, secure, and sovereign seas — strengthening our global presence while ensuring sustainable, resilient, and inclusive ocean governance.

### Two guiding pillars of Guardians of the Sea

### **Anchoring Excellence**

- Strengthening maritime safety standards
- Empowering skilled and resilient seafarers
- Advancing digital and sustainable innovation
- Ensuring compliance through global best practices
- Fostering collaboration for secure and sovereign seas

### **Navigating Safely**

- Enhancing coastal and port security systems
- Promoting risk-based vessel inspections and audits
- Strengthening search and rescue infrastructure
- Leveraging technology for real-time maritime surveillance
- Building awareness and preparedness for safer seas

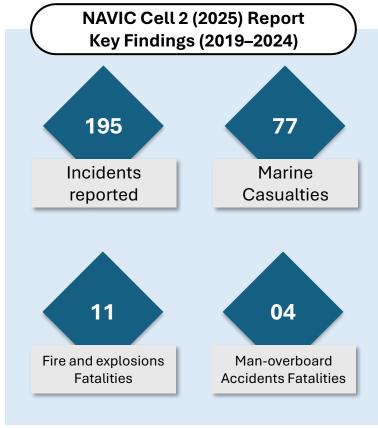


## **Maritime Incidents and Need for Safety**



## Seafarers face challenging conditions on vessels with hazardous conditions.

- Marine Incidents and Casualties
- Onboard incidents often linked to unsafe conditions or inadequate training.
- Fires and explosions emphasizes the need for better fire safety systems.
- Man-overboard accidents points to critical gaps in protective gear and rescue preparedness.
- Groundings, collisions, and machinery failures further underscored vulnerabilities in workforce safety and operational resilience.



Such incidents not only endanger human lives but also disrupt trade, compromise operational efficiency, and undermine India's global competitiveness. The data affirm that a resilient, globally competitive maritime sector cannot be realized without embedding safety and health at its core.



## Port-wise Distribution of Marine Incidents (2019-2024)



## **Key Insights:**

- Deendayal Port Authority recorded the highest incidents: 28
- Followed by Chennai (19), Cochin (18), and Visakhapatnam (15)
- These four ports account for nearly 74% of all incidents
- Ports like Tuticorin (2) and Jawaharlal Nehru (1) have minimal incidents
- Incidents correlate strongly with vessel traffic density and cargo handling complexity

## **Impact of Marine Incidents**

- Endanger human lives
- Disrupt trade and operational efficiency
- Undermine India's global maritime competitiveness

## Table: Marine Incidents Registered at Ports (2019-2024)

|                          | Total     |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| Port                     | Incidents |
| Deendayal Port Authority | 28        |
| Chennai Port Authority   | 19        |
| Cochin Port Authority    | 18        |
| Visakhapatnam Port       |           |
| Authority                | 15        |
| Paradip Port Authority   | 10        |
| New Mangalore Port       |           |
| Authority                | 8         |
| Murmugao Port Authority  | 4         |
| Kolkata Port Authority   | 3         |
| Tuticorin Port Authority | 2         |
| Jawaharlal Nehru Port    |           |
| Authority                | 1         |



## **Strenghtening Maritime Domain Awareness**





Collaboration: DG Shipping, Coast Guard, Navy, IFC-IOR



Key initiatives – Merchant Shipping Act 2025, e-Samudra, MAITRI Corridor



Focus on digital surveillance, Al navigation and cybersecurity



Seafarers as true custodians – skill, welfare, and dignity



## Safety First – 'Suraksha Sarvapratham'



DGS is focused on promoting safety on vessels and is set to launch a campaign called the Suraksha Sarvpratham, ensuring that the seafarers are able to discharge their duties in a risk-free manner.

To reduce accidents and minimize risks aboard ships.

Detailed documentation of incidents that occur at sea and during port operations.

Systematic recording and analysis of incidents will help identify patterns, understand root causes, and implement preventative strategies.

Instill a culture of safety among seafarers.

Web-based learning management systems for training.

Free online courses will be developed.

To create a safer working environment for seafarers by reducing the frequency and severity of accidents at sea and in ports.

Comprehensive incident documentation, strict adherence to safety protocols, and innovative AI-based safety videos--- to establish Safety Culture



# **International Compliances to ensure Safety**



Seafarers face hazardous working and living conditions: confined spaces, heavy machinery, extreme weather, long hours, and isolation.

Ensures **compliance** with international conventions like:

ILO Maritime Labour Convention (MLC, 2006)

– covers health, safety, and welfare

STCW Convention – training and watchkeeping requirements that indirectly support safety.

SOLAS (Safety of Life at Sea) – mandatory safety standards



**Onboard Safety Drills** 



**Prevention of occupational hazards** 



Seafarers' mental well-being



Compliance with ILO Maritime Labour Convention (MLC, 2006)



**Use of PPE** 



Medical care and telemedical support



Safe cargo and machinery operations



# **Maritime Security Status**



## **Indian ports**

74 ports

ISPS compliant, overseen by DG Shipping and proposed Bureau of Port Security (BoPS) for centralized security audit and risk management

# Security incidents in 2024

81 reported

81 needed Indian Navy intervention, mostly involving Indian seafarers



# Incident Analysis Highlights & KPIs





Total fatalities (2019-2024): 48 deaths, 20 injuries reported in port and sea incidents



Incident locations: Berth/Jetties (31), port roads (29), navigation channels (14)



Safety KPIs under IMCM: accident frequency rate, compliance rate, emergency response time, training completion



Digital platforms like E-Samudra, Digital Twin and Sagarmanthan Dashboard deployed for real-time monitoring and data-driven risk mitigation



## **Key Initiatives of DGS for Health & Safety**











Bureau of Port Security (BoPS):
 Statutory port security, SoCs, AIS, drones, CCTV, multi-agency command.

On the port side, the integration of the Bureau of Port Security will establish a dedicated statutory body. Security Operation Centres in every major port will use AIS, drone surveillance, VHF, and CCTV systems to provide real-time tracking and multi-agency coordination with CISF, Customs, Port Police, and intelligence services.



 Occupational Safety & Medical Response:

On the port side, the integration of the Bureau of Port Security will establish a dedicated statutory body. Security Operation Centres in every major port will use AIS, drone surveillance, VHF, and CCTV systems to provide real-time tracking and multi-agency coordination with CISF, Customs, Port Police, and intelligence services.



## Regulatory & Institutional Initiatives 2025





### Merchant Shipping Bill, 2025

Enacted August 2025 modernizing maritime safety and governance in India aligned with IMO standards.



## NAVIC Cell 2 and India Maritime Compliance Manual (IMCM)

Launched for integrated safety, security, disaster, environmental compliance



## **Indian Ports Act, 2025**

Aims to streamline port governance, safety, environmental protection with enhanced compliance mechanisms



### ISO 45001

Occupational health and safety standards piloted across ports and shipyards, mandatory rollout planned by end-2025



## **Maritime Safety and Security**



- A multidisciplinary field concerned with the safety, health, and welfare of people at work.
- Ensuring safe working conditions, preventing workplace accidents, injuries, and illnesses.
- Protecting workers physical, mental, and social well-being in all occupations.



### Workplace Safety -

Preventing accidents, hazards, and unsafe conditions.

### **Occupational Health**

monitoring health risks like chemicals, noise, stress, ergonomics.

### **Compliance & Standards**

Following national laws and international guidelines (ILO conventions, ISO 45001)

### **Training & Awareness**

safety drills, use of protective equipment, hazard reporting.

#### **Welfare Measures**

Ensuring first aid, rest breaks, proper working hours, and mental health support.



# **Maritime Safety and Security**



- Global leader under Hong Kong Convention
- DG Shipping as National Authority for safety and sustainability
- Compliance with ISO 45001, waste management, and effluent treatment
- Promoting green steel and responsible circularity



# संगच्छध्वं संवदध्वं सं वो मनांसि जानताम्।

"Move together, speak together, may your minds be in harmony." (Rigveda 10.191.2)



